B EI

lication (19) GB (11) 2 271 111

(43) Date of A Publication 06.04.1994

(21) Application No 9320077.2

(22) Date of Filing 29.09.1993

(30) Priority Data (31) 9220571

(32) 30.09.1992

(33) GB

(71) Applicant(s)

Zeneca Limited

(incorporated in the United Kingdom)

Imperial Chemical House, 9 Millbank, LONDON. SW1P 3JF, United Kingdom

British Technology Group Limited

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom)

101 Newington Couseway, LONDON, SE1 6BU, United Kingdom

(72) and (74) continued overleaf

- (51) INT CL5 CO7D 239/90 , A61K 31/505 , C07D 401/00 403/02 , CO7F 9/6512 // (CO7D 401/00 211:00 213:00 239:90) (
 - C07D 403/02 239:90 295:00) (C07D 413/02 239:90 295:00)
- (52) UK CL (Edition M.) C2C CAA CLW CLY CLZ CRL CRM CRQ CSJ C1530 C1532 C1562 C1604 C1626 C202 C213 C215 C22Y C220 C226 C246 C247 C25Y C250 C251 C252 C255 C28X C29Y C292 C30Y C31Y C311 C32Y C323 C326 C332 C351 C352 C355 C36Y C360 C361 C364 C366 C367 C368 C365 C396 C51X C512 C520 C537 C612 C613 C614 C615 C620 C621 C628 C630 C635 C650 C651 C660 C665 C666 C670 C697 C699 C80Y C801 C2P PA PA1 P13 P14 P14A P19E P2E P268 P7 P9 U1S S1313
- (56) Documents Cited EP 0365763 A EP 0316857 A
- (58) Field of Search UK CL (Edition L) C2C CLW CLZ CRM CSJ INT CL⁵ CO7D ONLINE DATABASE:CAS ONLINE

- (54) Quinazoline derivatives
- (57) Quinazoline derivatives of the formula I

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ H N \\ R^{2} \end{array}$$

$$CH_{2}-N-Ar^{1}-CO-CH$$

$$Q$$

wherein

R¹ is hydrogen or a defined substituent, e.g. amino, (1 - 4C) alkyl and (1 - 4C) alkoxy;

R² is hydrogen, (1 - 4C) alkyl, which can be substituted by certain substituents (3 - 4C) alkenyl or (3 - 4C)

Ar¹ is phenylene or a 5- or 6-membered aromatic heterocyclene ring;

Ar2 is optionally substituted phenyl or heteroaryl; and

Q is a defined substituent e.g. nitro, cyano, carbamoyl, (1 - 4C) alkylsulphonyl and N,N-di-[(1 - 4C) aikyl)sulphamoyl;

or pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof; are useful as anti-tumour agents.

3-(pivaloyloxymethyl)-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-ylmethyl]-N-(prop-2-ynyl)amino)benzoate and the appropriate nucleophile was used in place of benzyl methyl sulphone there were obtained the quinazoline derivatives described in the following Table, the structures of which were confirmed by proton magnetic resonance and mass spectroscopy and by elemental analysis.

TABLE I

$$CH_{2}C \equiv CH$$

$$CH_{2}-N - CO-CH$$

$$R^{a}$$

$$\times H_{2}O$$

Example 6 Compound No.	R ^a	Q	x	m.p. (°C)
1 ^a	н	Суано		113-115
2	Нe	methylsulphonyl	0.5	236-242
3 ^b	Нe	isopropylsulphinyl	0.5	190-194
4 ^C	Нe	isopropylsulphonyl	0.2	262-265
5 ^d	Нe	benzylsulphon y l	0.7	279-281
6 ^e	Н	$\underline{N},\underline{N}$ -dimethylsulphamoyl	0.4	122-124
7 ^{e,f}	Нe	$\underline{N},\underline{N}$ -dimethylsulphamoyl	-	143-151
8 ^g	Иe	N-methylsulphamoyl	-	134-153
9 ^h	Же	morpholinosulphonyl	0.5	166-170

Notes

a. The product was purified by reverse-phase chromatography using decreasingly polar mixtures of vater, methanol and trifluoroacetic acid as eluent. The product so obtained contained

mass spectroscopy and by elemental analysis.

TABLE II

$$CH_{2}C \equiv CH$$

$$CH_{2}^{-N} - CO - CH$$

$$SO_{2} - Q$$

$$Me$$

$$Me$$

Example 17 Compound No.	Rb	Ar ²	Q'.	m.p. (*C)
1ª	Н	3-pyridyl	methyl	190-192
2 2	F.	p-fluorophenyl	methyl	171-173
3 ^c	F	p-cyanophenyl	methyl	173-174
4 ^d	. F	p-fluorophenyl	4-pyridyl	198-199
. 5	н	p-fluorophenyl	methyl	163-166
, ,5 6 ^e	F.	p-tolyl	methyl	-
7 ^f	н	p-fluorophenyl	dimethylamino	163-165
8	н	p-fluorophenyl	morpholino	155-158
gg g	F	p-fluorophenyl	N-(2-dimethyl-	134-135
9-	•		aminoethyl)- <u>N</u> -	
			methylamino	•
10 ^h	F	p-fluorophenyl	4- <u>tert</u> -butoxy-	142-144
	•		carbonyl-	
			piperidin-1-yl	
11 ⁱ	F	2-pyridyl	methyl	-
11 12 ^j	F	3-pyridyl	methyl	173-175

Notes

The product contained 1 equivalent of water. The methyl 3-pyridylmethyl sulphone used as a starting

CLAIKS

A quinazoline derivative of the formula I

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ H N \\ R^{2} \end{array}$$

```
wherein R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, amino, (1-4C)alkyl, (1-4C)alkoxy,
(1-4C)alkylamino, di-[(1-4C)alkyl]amino, piperidino, morpholino,
piperazin-1-yl, 4-[(1-4C)alkyl]piperazin-1-yl,
4-[(2-4C)alkanoyl]piperazin-1-yl, hydroxy-(1-4C)alkyl,
(1-4C)alkoxy-(1-4C)alkyl, amino-(1-4C)alkyl,
(1-4C)alkylamino-(1-4C)alkyl, di-[(1-4C)alkyl]amino-(1-4C)alkyl,
piperidino-(1-4C)alkyl, morpholino-(1-4C)alkyl,
piperazin-1-yl-(1-4C)alkyl, 4-[(1-4C)alkyl]piperazin-1-yl-(1-4C)alkyl,
4-[(2-4C)alkanoyl]piperazin-1-yl-(1-4C)alkyl,
N-[hydroxy-(2-4C)alkyl]amino-(1-4C)alkyl,
\underline{N}-[hydroxy-(2-4C)alkyl]-\underline{N}-(1-4C)alkylamino-(1-4C)alkyl,
N, N-di-[hydroxy-(2-4C)alkyl] amino-(1-4C)alkyl,
\underline{\mathbb{N}}-[(1-4C)alkoxy-(2-4C)alkyl]amino-(1-4C)alkyl,
\underline{N}-[(1-4C)alkoxy-(2-4C)alkyl]-\underline{N}-(1-4C)alkylamino-(1-4C)alkyl,
N, N-di-\{(1-4C)alkoxy-(2-4C)alkyl\}amino-(1-4C)alkyl,
N-[(1-4C)alkylamino-(2-4C)alkyl]amino-(1-4C)alkyl,
 \underline{N}-[(1-4C)alkylamino-(2-4C)alkyl]-\underline{N}-(1-4C)alkylamino-(1-4C)alkyl,
 N-di-[(1-4C)alkylamino-(2-4C)alkyl]amino-(1-4C)alkyl,
 N-[di-(1-4C)alkylamino-(2-4C)alkyl]amino-(1-4C)alkyl,
 \underline{N}-[di-(1-4C)alkylamino-(2-4C)alkyl]-\underline{N}-(1-4C)alkylamino-(1-4C)alkyl,
 N.N-di-[di-(1-4C)alkylamino-(2-4C)alkyl]amino-(1-4C)alkyl,
 (2-4C)alkanoyloxy-(1-4C)alkyl, carboxy-(2-4C)alkanoyloxy-(1-4C)alkyl,
```

the quinazoline ring may optionally bear at the 5-, 7- or 8-position one further substituent selected from halogeno, (1-4C)alkyl and (1-4C)alkoxy; R² is hydrogen, (1-4C)alkyl, (3-4C)alkenyl, (3-4C)alkynyl, hydroxy-(2-4C)alkyl, halogeno-(2-4C)alkyl or cyano-(1-4C)alkyl; Ar is phenylene or a 5- or 6-membered aromatic heterocyclene ring which contains up to 3 heteroatoms selected from nitrogen and sulphur, each of which may optionally bear one or two substituents selected from halogeno, hydroxy, amino, nitro, cyano, trifluoromethyl, (1-4C)alkyl and (1-4C)alkoxy; Δr^2 is phenyl or heteroaryl which may optionally bear one or two substituents selected from halogeno, hydroxy, amino, nitro, cyano, trifluoromethyl, (1-4C)alkyl and (1-4C)alkoxy; and Q is nitro, cyano, carbamoyl, sulphamoyl, (1-4C)alkoxycarbonyl, di-{(1-4C)alkoxy]phosphoryl, (1-4C)alkylthio, (1-4C)alkylsulphinyl, (1-4C)alkylsulphonyl, phenylthio, phenylsulphinyl, phenylsulphonyl, phenyl-(1-4C)alkylthio, phenyl-(1-4C)alkylsulphinyl, phenyl-(1-4C)alkylsulphonyl, heteroarylthio, heteroarylsulphinyl, heteroarylsulphonyl, heteroaryl-(1-4C)alkylthio, heteroaryl-(1-4C)alkylsulphinyl, heteroaryl-(1-4C)alkylsulphonyl, \underline{N} -(1-4C)alkylcarbamoyl, $\underline{N},\underline{N}$ -di-[(1-4C)alkyl]carbamoyl, N-(1-4C) alkylsulphamoyl, N, N-di-[(1-4C) alkyl] sulphamoyl, morpholinosulphonyl, piperidinosulphonyl, piperazin-1-ylsulphonyl or 4-(1-4C)alkylpiperazin-1-ylsulphonyl, and when Q is a group comprising a phenyl or heteroaryl group, said phenyl or heteroaryl group may optionally bear one substituent selected from halogeno, cyano, hydroxy, amino, (1-4C)alkyl and (1-4C)alkoxy; and wherein the heteroaryl group when Ar 2 is heteroaryl, or the heteroaryl group when Q is a heteroaryl-containing group, is a 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl ring which contains 1 or 2 nitrogen heteroatoms and optionally contains a further heteroatom selected from nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur;

or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

^{2.} A quinazorine derivative of the least of the claim of

ylsulphonyl, \underline{N} -{amino-(2-4C)alkyl}sulphamoyl, \underline{N} -{(1-4C)alkylamino-(2-4C)alkyl}sulphamoyl, \underline{N} -{di-[(1-4C)alkyl}amino-(2-4C)alkyl}sulphamoyl, \underline{N} -(1-4C)alkyl- \underline{N} -{amino-(2-4C)alkyl}sulphamoyl, \underline{N} -(1-4C)alkyl- \underline{N} -[(1-4C)alkylamino-(2-4C)alkyl]sulphamoyl or \underline{N} -(1-4C)alkyl- \underline{N} -{di-[(1-4C)alkyl]amino-(2-4C)alkyl}sulphamoyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

- A quinazoline derivative of the formula I as claimed in claim 3. 1 wherein R^1 is methyl, hydroxymethyl, methoxymethyl, methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, piperidinomethyl, morpholinomethyl, piperazin-l-ylmethyl or 4-methylpiperazin-l-ylmethyl; the quinazoline ring may optionally bear a 7-fluoro, 7-chloro or 7-methyl substituent; \mathbb{R}^2 is methyl, ethyl, propyl, prop-2-enyl or prop-2-ynyl; Ar^1 is 1,4-phenylene which may optionally bear one fluoro substituent, or Ar^1 is thiophene-2,5-diyl or thiazole-2,5-diyl with the group -CO-CH(Ar²)(Q) in the 2-position; Ar^2 is phenyl which may optionally bear a substituent selected from fluoro, chloro, nitro, trifluoromethyl or methyl; and Q is nitro, cyano, carbamoyl, sulphamoyl, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, dimethoxyphosphoryl, diethoxyphosphoryl, methylsulphinyl, isopropylsulphinyl, methylsulphonyl, isopropylsulphonyl, phenylsulphinyl, phenylsulphonyl, benzylsulphinyl, benzylsulphonyl, \underline{N} -methylcarbamoyl, $\underline{N},\underline{N}$ -dimethylcarbamoyl, \underline{N} -methylsulphamoyl, $\underline{N},\underline{N}$ dimethylsulphamoyl or morpholinosulphonyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
 - 4. A quinazoline derivative of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2 wherein R^1 is methyl; the quinazoline ring may optionally bear a 7-methyl substituent; R^2 is methyl or prop-2-ynyl; Ar 1 is 1,4-phenylene, 2-fluoro-1,4-phenylene (with the group -CO-CH(Ar 2)(Q) in the 1-position) or pyridine-2,5-diyl (with the group -CO-CH(Ar 2)(Q) in the 2-position); Ar 2 is phenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3-nitrophenyl,

4-cyanophenyl, 2-pyridyl or 3-pyridyl; and Q is diethoxyphosphoryl, isopropylsulphinyl, methylsulphonyl, isopropylsulphonyl, benzylsulphonyl, 4-pyridylsulphonyl, N-methylsulphamoyl, N,N-dimethylsulphamoyl, morpholinosulphonyl, piperazin-1-ylsulphonyl or N-methyl-N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)sulphamoyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

- A quinazoline derivative of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2 wherein R¹ is methyl; the quinazoline ring may optionally bear a 7-methyl substituent; R² is methyl or prop-2-ynyl; Ar¹ is 1,4-phenylene, 2-fluoro-1,4-phenylene (with the group -CO-CH(Ar²)(Q) in the 1-position) or pyridine-2,5-diyl (with the group -CO-CH(Ar²)(Q) in the 2-position); Ar² is phenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl or 3-pyridyl; and Q is diethoxyphosphoryl, isopropylsulphinyl, methylsulphonyl, isopropylsulphonyl, isopropylsulphonyl, benzylsulphonyl, 4-pyridylsulphonyl, N-methylsulphamoyl, N,N-dimethylsulphamoyl or morpholinosulphonyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 7. A quinazoline derivative of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof, as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, selected from:-

4-[N-(2,7-dimethyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-ylmethyl)-N-(prop-2-ynyl) amino]-α-isopropylsulphonyldesoxybenzoin, $N,N-dimethyl-p-fluoro-α-{p-[N-(2,7-dimethyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazolin-6-ylmethyl)-N-(prop-2-ynyl)$ amino]benzoyl}-α-toluenesulphonamide, 2,4'-difluoro-4-[N-(2,7-dimethyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-ylmethyl)-N-(prop-2-ynyl) amino]-α-methylsulphonyldesoxybenzoin, $N,N-dimethyl-p-fluoro-α-{o-fluoro-p-[N-(2,7-dimethyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-ylmethyl)-N-(prop-2-ynyl)$ amino] benzoyl}-α-toluenesulphonamide,

4'-fluoro-4- $[\underline{N}-(2,7-\text{dimethyl-}4-\text{oxo-}3,4-\text{dihydroquinazolin-}6-\text{ylmethyl})-\underline{N}-(\text{prop-}2-\text{ynyl})$ amino $]-\underline{\alpha}$ -methylsulphonyldesoxybenzoin,

2,4'-difluoro-4- $[\underline{N}$ -(2,7-dimethyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-ylmethyl)- \underline{N} -(prop-2-ynyl)amino]- $\underline{\alpha}$ -morpholinosulphonyldesoxybenzoin, $\underline{\alpha}$ - $[\underline{N}$ -(2,7-dimethyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-ylmethyl)- \underline{N} -(prop-2-ynyl)amino]pyridine-2-carbonyl}- \underline{p} -fluoro- \underline{N} , \underline{N} -dimethyl- $\underline{\alpha}$ -toluenesulphonamide and

 $4-[\underline{N}-(2,7-\text{dimethyl}-4-\text{oxo}-3,4-\text{dihydroquinazolin}-6-\text{ylmethyl})-\underline{N}-(\text{prop}-2-\text{ynyl})\text{amino}]$ henyl 1-methylsulphonyl-1-(3-pyridyl)methyl ketone.

8. A process for the preparation of a quinazoline derivative of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof, as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7 which comprises:
(a) the reaction of an acid of the formula II

11

or a reactive derivative thereof, wherein R^3 is hydrogen or a protecting group, with a compound of the formula Ar^2-CH_2-Q ; (b) the reaction of a compound of the formula III

$$R^3$$
 CH_2-Z

111

wherein \mathbb{R}^3 has the meaning defined above and \mathbb{Z} is a displaceable group, with an amine of the formula:

$$HNR^2-Ar^1-CO-CH(Ar^2)(Q)$$

- (c) for the production of a compound of the formula I wherein Q is a group which comprises a sulphinyl or sulphonyl group, the oxidation of the corresponding compound of the formula I wherein Q is a group which comprises a thio group;
- (d) for the production of a compound of the formula I wherein \mathbb{R}^1 is amino-(1-4C)alkyl or substituted-amino-(1-4C)alkyl, the reaction of a compound of the formula I wherein \mathbb{R}^1 is hydroxy-(1-4C)alkyl, or a reactive derivative thereof, with ammonia or a substituted-amine;
- (e) for the production of a compound of the formula I wherein R^1 is (2-4C) alkanoyloxy-(1-4C) alkyl or substituted-(2-4C) alkanoyloxy-(1-4C) alkyl, the reaction of a compound of the formula I wherein R^1 is hydroxy-(1-4C) alkyl with an acylating reagent; and
- (f) for the production of a compound of the formula I wherein Q is a piperazin-1-ylsulphonyl group, the cleavage of a compound of the formula I wherein Q is a 4-(1-4C)alkoxycarbonylpiperazin-1-yl group; and when a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt of a compound of the formula I is required, it may be obtained by reaction of said compound with a suitable acid or base using a conventional procedure; and when an optically active form of a compound of the formula I is required, it may be obtained by carring out one of the aforesaid processes using an optically active starting material, or by resolution of a racemic form of said compound using a conventional procedure.

- 9. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises a quinazoline derivative of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof, as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7 in association with a pharmaceutically-acceptable diluent or carrier.
- 10. The use of a quinazoline derivative of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof, as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7 in the manufacture of a novel medicament for use in the production of an anti-tumour effect in a warm-blooded animal.

TS37204

O1SEP93

BST/MB